

FILLER METALS FOR REPAIR, ANTI-WEAR AND ANTI-CORROSION



## TAILOR-MADE PROTECTIVITY™

UTP Maintenance ensures an optimum combination of protection and productivity with innovative and tailor-made solutions. Everything revolves around the customer and their individual requirements. That is expressed in the central performance promise: Tailor-Made Protectivity $^{\text{TM}}$ .

#### WE OFFER YOU

a wide range of long-life filler metals that help you increase productivity and optimize maintenance, repair, wear and surface protection. Rely on:

- » Tailored products to the exact needs of your industry
- » Consistently high product quality
- » Worldwide distribution and a global service network
- » Individual technical support by application specialists and welding engineers
- » Decades of experience and application know-how

#### SOLUTIONS AT EVERY POINT ON THE GLOBE

UTP Maintenance provides products and services through the global branches of voestalpine Böhler Welding and its dealer network in more than 150 countries throughout the world. A team of welding engineers stands at the customer's side, providing advice and support in all matters related to the challenges of welding technology.



### CUSTOMIZED PRODUCTS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY

We continuously adapt our product portfolio of about 600 products to customer and industry specifications, while ensuring that we meet the highest quality specifications.

From its in-house production facilities, UTP Maintenance delivers innovative, tailor-made welding filler metals for: unalloyed and fine-grained structural steel, low-grade alloyed steels, rust-proof, acid-proof, and heat-proof steels, nickel-based alloys, cast iron, copper and copper alloys, manganese steels, tool steels, and cobalt steels.

The product portfolio comprises:

- » Stick electrodes
- » Solid wires and rods
- » Flux cored wires
- » Submerged arc wires and fluxes
- » Submerged arc strips and fluxes
- » Spraying- and PTA-powders

#### **Business Product Lines**

#### Repair product line Cladding product line Surfacing product line Repair of cracked material Anti-wear applications **Anti-corrosion applications** » Covered Electrodes » Covered Electrodes » Covered Electrodes » TIG Rods » Solid Wires » TIG Rods » Solid Wires » Metal Cored Wires » Solid Wires » Metal Cored Wires » Gas Shielded Cored Wires » Gas Shielded Cored Wires » Gas Shielded Cored Wires » Open Arc Wires » Open Arc Wires » Open Arc Wires » SAW-Wires » SAW-Flux » SAW-Flux » SAW-Cored Wires » SAW-Cored Wires » SAW-Strips » Thermal Spraying Powders » Cladding Equipment

#### **Industry Focus**





- » Agriculture & Food
- » Cement
- » Earth Moving
- » Energy & Power
- » Glass
- » Mining
- » Oil & Gas
- » Pulp & Paper
- » Pumps, Valves & Fittings
- » Railway Systems
- » Recycling and Waste Management
- » Shipyards
- » Steel Structure
- » Steel Works
- » Sugar & Ethanol
- » Tool Construction



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## CORRESPONDING FILLER METALS

Covered Electrode	TIG Rod	Solid wire	Gas shielded cored wire	Open Arc wire	SAW Cored wire
UTP 610	UTP A 118	UTP A 118			
UTP 611		UTP A 119			
UTP 614 KB		UTP A 119	UTP AF152	SK BU-C1	
UTP 63	UTP A 63	UTP A 63	SK 402-G / SK 307-G	SK 402-O	SK 402-S
UTP 68 LC	UTP A 68 LC	UTP A 68 LC	UTP AF 68 LC	SK 308L-O	
UTP 68 Mo	UTP A 68 Mo	UTP A 68 Mo			
UTP 68 MoLC	UTP A 68 MoLC	UTP A 68 MoLC		SK 316L-O	
UTP 6824 LC	UTP A 6824 LC	UTP A 6824 LC	UTP AF 6824 LC	SK 309L-O	
UTP 068 HH	UTP A 68 HH	UTP A 68 HH			
UTP 6222 Mo	UTP A 6222 Mo	UTP A 6222 Mo			
UTP 83 FN	UTP A 8051 Ti		SK FNM-G	SK FN-O	
UTP 86 FN	UTP A 8051 Ti		SK FNM-G	SK FN-O	
UTP 387	UTP A 387	UTP A 387			
UTP 34 N	UTP A 34 N	UTP A 34 N			
UTP 73 G 2	UTP A 73 G 2	UTP A 73 G 2	SK D 12-G / SK D 12S-G		
UTP 73 G 3	UTP A 73 G 3	UTP A 73 G 3			
UTP 73 G 4	UTP A 73 G 4	UTP A 73 G 4	SK 734-G	SK 734-O	
UTP 690			SK 20-G		
UTP 750			SK D35-G		SK D 35-S
UTP 7200				SK 313-O	
UTP BMC			SK AP-G	SK AP-O	SK AP-S
UTP CELSIT 706			SK STELKAY 6-G	SK STELKAY 6-O	
UTP CELSIT 721			SK STELKAY 21-G		
UTP DUR 250		UTP A DUR 250	SK D250-G / SK 250-G	SK BU-O	SK BU-S
UTP DUR 350		UTP A DUR 350	SK 350-G	SK 350-O	SK 350-S
UTP DUR 600		UTP A DUR 600	UTP AF DUR 600 T / SK 600-G	SK A12-O	
UTP LEDURIT 61				SK 460-O	
UTP LEDURIT 65				SK A45-O	SK A45-S

# COVERED ELECTRODES FOR REPAIR OF CRACKED MATERIAL

## Unalloyed and low alloy steels

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	AWS 5.1	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	Rutile cellulose coated stick electrode with very good
UTP 610	E 6013	≥ 380	470-600	weldability in all positions, including vertical down.  Universal electrode, particularly for small transformers.
017 010	EN ISO 2560-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	Bendable covering. Versatile application in steel, vehicle
	E 38 0 RC 11	≥ 20	≥ 47	etc.
	AWS 5.1	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	UTP 611 is a strongly coated stick electrode for repair of
UTP 611	E 6013	>380	>510	cracked material and surfacing on all kind of steel
UIPOII	EN ISO 2560-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	constructions. It is used in autobody- and wagon industry,
	E 38 0 RR 12	> 22%	>47 J	boiler construction and shipbuilding.
	AWS 5.1	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	UTP 614 Kb is a double coated stick electrode with a
LIED (4.4 Kb	E 7018	> 420	> 510	universally suited application field. It is used in industry,
UTP 614 Kb	EN ISO 2560-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	trade, as well as in production and repair welds for diverse
	E 42 3 B32 H10	> 22	> 47 (-30°)	base materials

#### **Stainless Steels**

Name	Classification	Mechanical propertie	es of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use				
	EN 14700	Yield strength R <sub>P0.2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>					
UTP 63	E Fe10	> 350	> 600	With the fully austenitic UTP 63, non-alloy structural and				
	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	heat-treatable steels can be welded, also in combination with austenitic CrNi steels.				
	E 18 8 Mn R 32	> 40	> 60	Will dusternite on wiscons.				
	EN 14700	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>					
	E Z Fe11	> 640	> 800	UTP 65 D has been developed to satisfy the highest				
UTP 65 D	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A		requirements for repair and surfacing. It is extremely crack-resistant when joining steels of difficult weldabili				
	~ E 29 9 R 12	> 20						
	AWS A5.4	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>					
	E 310-16	> 350	> 550	The rutile coated stick electrode UTP 68 H is suitable for				
UTP 68 H	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	repair and surfacing of heat resistant Cr-, CrSi-, CrAl-, CrNi-steels/cast steels.				
	E 25 20 R 32	> 30	> 47					
	AWS A5.4	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>					
LITE (A. C	E 308 L - 17	> 350	> 520	The rutile coated stick electrode UTP 68 LC, with a low carbon content, is used for repair and building up of				
UTP 68 LC	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	identical low carbon, austenitic CrNi steels and CrNi cast				
	E 19 9 L R 3 2	> 35	> 47	steels.				
	AWS A5.4	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>					
LITD (0.54-	E 318 - 16	380	560	The rutile coated stick electrode UTP 68 Mo is used for				
UTP 68 Mo	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	repair and surfacing of stabilized and non stabilized CrNiMo steels and CrNiMo cast steels.				
	E 19 12 3 Nb R 3 2	30	55					
	AWS A5.4	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>					
UTP 68 MoLC	E 316 L-17	380	560	The rutile coated stick electrode UTP 68 MoLC, with a low				
UTP 00 MOLC	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	C content, is used for repair and surfacing of identical, low carbon, austenitic CrNiMo steels and CrNiMo cast steels.				
	E 19 12 3 L R 3 2	30	60					
	AWS A5.4	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	The rutile coated stick electrode UTP 6824 LC is used for				
UTP 6824 LC	E 309 L-17	> 390	> 550	repair and surfacing of stainless and heat resistant steels				
01F 00Z4 LC	EN ISO 3581-A	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	/ cast steels as well as for dissimilar metal joints (heterogeneous joints) and for buffer layers on corrosion				
	E 23 12 L R 32	> 30	> 47	- or wear resistant claddings on C-steels.				

### **Nickel Alloys**

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	AWS 5.11	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP 80 M	E NiCu-7	> 300	> 480	UTP 80 M is suitable for repair and surfacing of
OTF OU M	EN ISO 14172	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	nickel-copper alloys and of nickel-copperclad steels.
	E Ni 4060	> 30	> 80	
	AWS 5.11	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	UTP 068 HH is predominantly used for repair identical or
LITE O / O LILL	E NiCrFe-3 (mod.)	420	680	similar heat resistant Ni-base alloys, heat resistant
UTP 068 HH	EN ISO 14172	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	austenites, cold tough Ni-steel, and for joining heat
	E Ni 6082	40	120	resistant austenitic- ferritic materials.
	AWS 5.11	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	
LITD (000 b4-	E NiCrMo-3	> 450	> 760	UTP 6222 Mo is particularly suited for joining, repair and
UTP 6222 Mo	EN ISO 14172	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	surfacing on nickel alloys, austenitic steels, low temperature nickel steels, austenitic-ferritic-joints and claddings.
	E Ni 6625	> 30	> 75	
	AWS 5.11	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	UTP 7015 is employed for repair and surfacing of
LITD 7045	E Ni 6182	400	670	nickel-base materials. UTP 7015 is also recommended for
UTP 7015	EN ISO 14172	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	welding different materials, such as austenitic to ferritic steels, as well as for weld claddings on unalloyed and
	E NiCrFe-3	40	120	low-alloyed steels, e.g. for reactor construction.

### Cast Iron

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of	the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.15	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Hardness HB	UTP 8 is for cold welding of grey and malleable cast iron,
UTP 8	E Ni-Cl	approx. 220	approx. 180	cast steel and for repair these base metals to steel,
OIFO	EN ISO 1071			copper and copper alloys, especially for repair and maintenance.
	E C Ni-Cl 1			maintenance.
	AWS A5.15 Hardness HB	UTP 83 FN is suitable for surfacing and repair of all		
UTP 83 FN	E NiFe-Cl	approx. 190		commercial cast iron grades, such as lamellar grey cast
OTPOSEN	EN ISO 1071			iron and nodular cast iron, malleable cast iron and for
	E C NiFe-11			repair these materials to steel or cast steel.
	AWS A5.15	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Hardness HB	UTP 86 FN is suitable for repair, joining and surfacing of
	E NiFe-Cl	approx. 340	approx. 220	lamellar grey cast iron EN GJL 100 - EN GJL 400, nodular cast iron (spheroidal cast iron) EN GJS 400 - EN GJS 700
UTP 86 FN	EN ISO 1071			and malleable cast iron grades EN GJMB 350 - EN GJMB
	E C NiFe-13			650 as well as for joining these materials with each other or with steel and cast steel.

#### Copper alloys

copper and/s							
Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use			
	AWS A5.6	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	UTP 32 is a basic-coated tin-bronze stick electrode for			
UTP 32	F C C C / 1) 700	repair and surfacing on copper tin alloys with 6 – 8 % Sn,					
017 32	DIN 1733	Elongation A	Hardness HD	copper-tin alloys and for weld claddings on cast iron materials and on steel.			
	EL-CuSn7	approx. 7	approx. 100	materials and on steel.			
	AWS A5.6	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	The copper-nickel base stick electrode UTP 387 is used for			
UTP 387	E CuNi	> 240	> 390	repair and surfacing alloys of similar com-positions with			
017 307	DIN 1733	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	up to 30 % nickel, as well as non-ferrous alloys and steels of different nature.			
	EL-CuNi30Mn	> 30	> 80	of unferent fluture.			

# SURFACING ELECTRODES FOR ANTI-WEAR AND ANTI-CORROSION



Product Name	Abrasion	Corrosion	Erosion	Cavitation	Heat	Impact	Metal to Earth	Metal to Metal
UTP 34 N		•		•				•
UTP 73 G 2	•		•		•	•		•
UTP 73 G 3	•		•		•	•		•
UTP 73 G 4	•		•		•	•		•
UTP 673	•		•		•	•		•
UTP 690					•			•
UTP 750		•			•	•		•
UTP 7200						•		•
UTP BMC						•		•
UTP CELSIT 706	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
UTP CELSIT 721	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
UTP DUR 250								•
UTP DUR 350						•		•
UTP DUR 600	•		•			•	•	•
UTP LEDURIT 61	•		•				•	
UTP LEDURIT 65	•		•		•		•	

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.13	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	
	E CuMnNiAl	400	650	UTP 34 N is suitable for repair and surfacings on
UTP 34 N	EN 14700	Elongation A	Hardness HB	copper-aluminium alloys, specially with high Mn-content as well as for claddings on cast iron materials and steel.
	E Cu1	15	220	
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC		
UTP 73 G 2	E 3-UM-55-ST	55 - 58		UTP 73 G 2 is, due to its high hardness, toughness and heat resistance ideally suited for buildups on parts
	EN 14700			subject to severe friction, compression and moderate impact loads at elevated temperatures.
	E Fe8			impact loads at elevated temperatures.
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC		
	E 3-UM-45-T	approx. 45-50		UTP 73 G 3 is, due to its high strength, toughness and heat resistance ideally suited for buildups on parts subject to
UTP 73 G 3	EN 14700			friction, compression and impact at elevated tempera-
	E Fe3			tures.
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC		
LITE 77 C 4	E 3-UM-40-PT	approx. 38 - 42		UTP 73 G 4 is, due to its toughness and heat resistance, ideally suited for surfacings on parts and tools subject to
UTP 73 G 4	EN 14700			abrasion, compression and impact at elevated temperatures.
	E Z Fe3			temperatures.

	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC	Heat resistent				
	E 3-UM-40-PT	approx. 58	up to 550° C	UTP 673 is used for wear resistant buildups on cold and hot working tools, particularly for cutting-edges on hot			
UTP 673	EN 14700			cutting tools, hot-shear blades, trimming tools and cold			
Į.	E Z Fe3			cutting knives.			
,	AWS A5.13	Hardness HRC					
	E Fe 5-B (mod.)	approx. 62		UTP 690 is used for repair and production of cutting tools,			
UTP 690	EN 14700			particularly for building-up cutting edges and working surfaces. (soft annealed 800-840°C approx. 25 HRC)			
	E Fe4						
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC					
	E 3-UM-50-CTZ	48 - 52		UTP 750 is suited for heat resistant buildups on hot working steels particularly exposed to metallic gliding			
UTP 750	EN 14700			wear and elevated thermal shock stress. (soft anneale 850 – 900 °C approx. 35 HRC)			
	E Z Fe6			650 - 900 Capprox. 55 HRC)			
,	AWS A5.13	Hardness HB	Hardness HRC				
	~ E FeMn-A	After welding	After workhardening	UTP 7200 is predominantly suited for tough and crack resistant joinings, repairs and surfacings on parts of high			
UTP 7200	EN 14700	200 - 250	48 - 53	Mn-steel subject to extreme impact, compression and shock.			
	EZ Fe9			SHOCK.			
	DIN 8555	Hardness HB	Hardness HRC				
	E 7-UM-250-KPR	After welding	After workhardening	UTP BMC is suitable for claddings on parts subject to			
UTP BMC	EN 14700	approx. 260	48 - 53	highest pressure and shock in combination with abrasion.			
	E Fe9						
,	AWS A5.13	Hardness HRC					
	E CoCr-A	40 - 42		UTP CELSIT 706 is used for hardfacing on parts subject to			
UTP CELSIT 706	EN 14700			a combination of erosion, corrosion, cavitation, impact, pressure, abrasion and high temperatures up to 900 °C.			
1	E Z Co2						
4	AWS A5.13	Hardness HRC	Hardness HRC				
UTP CELSIT 721	E CoCr-E	After welding	After workhardening	UTP CELSIT 721 is used for crack resistant hardfacing on			
	EN 14700	31 - 37	45	parts subject to a combination of impact, pressure, abrasion, corrosion and high temperatures up to 900 °C.			
	E Co1						
	DIN 8555	Hardness HB					
	E 1-UM-250	approx. 270		UTP DUR 250 is used for surfacing on parts, where a			
UTP DUR 250	EN 14700			tough and easily machinable deposit is required.			
ı	E Fe1						
ı	DIN 8555	Hardness HB					
UTP DUR 350	E 1-UM-350	approx. 370		UTP DUR 350 is particularly suited for wear resistant			
	EN 14700			surfacings on Mn-Cr-V alloyed parts.			
	E Fe1						
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC					
	E 6-UM-60	56 - 58		UTP DUR 600 is universally applicable for cladding on			
UTP DUR 600	EN 14700			parts of steel, cast steel and high Mn-steel, subject simultaneously to abrasion, impact and compression.			
	E Fe8						
	AWS A5.13	Hardness HRC					
UTP LEDURIT 61	~ E FeCr-A 1	approx. 60		UTP LEDURIT 61 is suited for highly wear resistant claddings on parts subject to strong grinding abrasion			
	EN 14700			combined with medium impact.			
	EZ Fe14						
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC					
	E 10-UM-65-GRZ	approx. 65		UTP LEDURIT 65 is suited for highly abrasion resistant			
UTP LEDURIT 65				claddings on parts subject to xtreme sliding mineral			
	EN 14700			abrasion, also at elevated temperatures up to 500 °C.			

## TIG RODS FOR REPAIR OF CRACKED MATERIAL

## Unalloyed and low alloy steels

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.18	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTD 4 440	ER70S-6	440	560	GTAW solid rod for the welding repair with argon. Typical
UTP A 118	EN ISO 636-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	fields of use: boiler, tank and pipeline constructions and apparatus engineering.
	W 42 5 W3Si1	25	130	
	AWS A5.28	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITE A COL	ER80S-G	450	560	Welding rod for the welding repair with argon. Suitable for
UTP A 641	EN ISO 21952-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	repair creep resistant steels in boiler, tank, pipeline and nuclear reactor construction.
	W CrMo1Si	22	90	

#### **Stainless Steels**

Name	Classification	Mechanical properti	es of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0.2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 307 (mod.)	>370	>600	UTP A 63 is suitable for particularly crack resistant joining,
UTP A 63	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A		repair and surfacing of high-strength ferritic and austenitic steels, hard manganese steels and cold-tough steels, as
	W 18 8 Mn	>30		cushioning layer under hard alloys, dissimilar metal joints.
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 308 L (Si)	400	600	UTP A 68 LC is suitable for repair and surfacing in chem.
UTP A 68 LC	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	apparatus and vessel construction for working temperatures of – 196 °C up to 350 °C.
	W 19 9 L (Si)	35	100	tales of 170 cup to 330 c.
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0.2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 318 (Si)	460	680	UTP A 68 Mo is aplicable for repair and surfacings of stabilized, corrosion resistant CrNiMo steels of similar
UTP A 68 Mo	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	nature in the construction of chemical apparatus and
	W 19 12 3 Nb (Si)	35	100	vessels up to working temperatures of 120 °C up to 400 °C.
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 316 L (Si)	420	600	UTP A 68 MoLC is used for repair and surfacing of
UTP A 68 MoLC	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	low-carbon, corrosion resistant CrNiMo steels exposed to high corrosion for working temperatures up to + 350 °C.
	W 19 12 3 L (Si)	35	100	
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTD 4 /54	ER 312	650	750	UTP A 651 is suitable for joining, repair and surfacing of
UTP A 651	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	steels of difficult weldability, repair of hot and cold working steels, cushioning layers.
	W 29 9	25	27	
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD A 48241 <i>C</i>	ER 309 L (Si)	400	590	UTP A 6824 LC ist used for repair and surfacing in chem. apparatus and vessel construction for working tempera-
UTP A 6824 LC	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	tures up to + 300 °C. Weld cladding of non- and low-alloyed base materials. Dissimilar joints.
	W 23 12 L (Si)	30	140	base materials. Dissimilar joints.

## Nickel Alloys

Name	Classification	Mechanical propertion	es of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS 5.14	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER NiCu-7	>300	>480	UTP A 80 M is suitable for repair and surfacing of nickel-copper alloys and of nickelcopper-clad steels.
UTP A 80 M	EN ISO 18274	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	Particularly suited for the following materials: 2.4360 NiCu30Fe, 2.4375 NiCu30Al.
	S Ni 4060	>30	>80	NICUSUFE, 2.45/5 INICUSUAI.
	AWS 5.14	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP A 068 HH	ER NiCr-3	>380	>640	UTP A 068 HH is predominantly used for repair identical or similar high heat resistant Ni-base alloys, heat resistant
UIPA UOO HH	EN ISO 18274	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	austenites, and for joining heat resistant austenitic-ferritic materials.
	S Ni 6082	>35	>160	materials.
	AWS 5.14	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD A 4222 NAs	ER NiCrMo-3	>460	>740	UTP A 6222 Mo has a high nickel content and is suitable for
UTP A 6222 Mo	EN ISO 18274	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	repair high-strength and high-corrosion resistant nickel-base alloys.
	S Ni 6625	>30	>100	

### **Cast Iron**

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	EN ISO 1071	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITE A GOE4 T:	S C NiFe-2	>300	>500	UTP A 8051 Ti is particularly suited for welding of ferritic and austenitic nodular cast iron as well as for joining it with
UTP A 8051 Ti		Elongation A	Hardness HB	unalloyed and high-alloyed steels, copper and nickel alloys. Build-up layers on grey cast iron qualities are also possible.
		>25	approx. 200	build-up layers on grey cast non qualities are also possible.

#### Copper alloys

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER CuMnNiAI	400	650	UTP A 34 N is applied in TIG repair and surfacing on complex aluminium bronzes mainly on such materials with a
UTP A 34 N	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	high Mn content as well as on steel and cast steel by using a
	S Cu 6338	15	220	nodular iron rod.
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	1170 1 70 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
UTP A 38	ER Cu	80	200	UTP A 38 is used for oxygen free copper types according to DIN 1787 OF-Cu, SE-Cu, SWCu, SF-Cu. The main applica-
UIPA 36	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	tions are in the electrical industry e.g. for conductor rails or other applications where high electricity is required.
	S Cu 1897 (CuAg1)	20	60	other applications where high electricity is required.
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP A 381	ER Cu	50	200	UTP A 381 is used for oxygen free copper types according to DIN 1787 OF-Cu, SE-Cu, SWCu, SF-Cu. The main
UIPA 361	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	applicational fields are in the apparatus- and pipeline repair.
	S Cu 1898 (CuSn1)	30	approx. 60	repuii.
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	HTD 4 707
LITD A 707	ER CuNi	>200	>360	UTP A 387 is used for copper nickel alloys with up to 30 % nickel according to DIN 17664, such as CuNi20Fe (2.0878),
UTP A 387	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	CuNi30Fe (2.0882). Chemical industry, seawater desalination plants, ship building, offshore technique.
	S Cu 7158	>30	120	tion plants, stilp building, orisitore technique.

## SOLID WIRES FOR REPAIR OF CRACKED MATERIAL

## Unalloyed and low alloy steels

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties o	of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.18	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER70S-6	440	560	GTAW solid wire for the welding repair with argon. Typical
UTP A 118	EN ISO 636-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	fields of use: boiler, tank and pipeline constructions and apparatus engineering.
	G 42 2 C1 3Si1 / G 46 4 M21 3Si1	25	130	apparatus engineering.
	AWS A5.28	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER80S-G	450	560	Welding rod for the welding repair with argon. Suitable for
UTP A 119	EN ISO 21952-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	repair creep resistant steels in boiler, tank, pipeline and nuclear reactor construction.
	G 46 2 C1 4Si1 / G 46 4 M21 4Si1	22	90	nacion reactor construction.
	AWS A5.28	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD A 4 44	ER80S-G	450	560	Welding rod for the welding repair with argon. Suitable for
UTP A 641	EN ISO 21952-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	repair creep resistant steels in boiler, tank, pipeline and nuclear reactor construction.
	G CrMo1Si	22	90	

#### **Stainless Steels**

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of	of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0.2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 307 (mod.)	>370	>600	UTP A 63 is suitable for particularly crack resistant joining, repair and surfacing of high-strength ferritic and austenitic
UTP A 63	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A		steels, hard manganese steels and cold-tough steels, as
	G 18 8 Mn	>30		cushioning layer under hard alloys, dissimilar metal joints.
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 308 L (Si)	400	600	UTP A 68 LC is suitable for repair and surfacing in chem.
UTP A 68 LC	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	apparatus and vessel construction for working temperatures of – 196 °C up to 350 °C.
	G 19 9 L (Si)	35	100	
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 318 (Si)	460	680	UTP A 68 Mo is aplicable for repair and surfacings of stabilized, corrosion resistant CrNiMo steels of similar nature
UTP A 68 Mo	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	in the construction of chemical apparatus and vessels up to working temperatures of 120 °C up to 400 °C.
	G 19 12 3 Nb (Si)	35	100	working temperatures of 120°C up to 400°C.
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER 316 L (Si)	420	600	UTP A 68 MoLC is used for repair and surfacing of
UTP A 68 MoLC	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	low-carbon, corrosion resistant CrNiMo steels exposed to high corrosion for working temperatures up to + 350 °C.
	G 19 12 3 L (Si)	35	100	
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTD 4 /54	ER 312	650	750	UTP A 651 is suitable for joining, repair and surfacing of
UTP A 651	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	steels of difficult weldability, repair of hot and cold working steels, cushioning layers.
	G 29 9	25	27	
	AWS A5.9	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	LITE A COOLIGINATION OF THE STATE OF THE STA
UTP A 6824 LC	ER 309 L (Si)	400	590	UTP A 6824 LC ist used for repair and surfacing in chem. apparatus and vessel construction for working temperatures
017 A 0024 LC	EN ISO 14343-A	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	up to + 300 °C. Weld cladding of non- and low-alloyed base materials. Dissimilar joints.
	G23 12 L (Si)	30	140	materials. Dissimilar joints.

## Nickel Alloys

Name	Classification	Mechanical propertie	es of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS 5.14 Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub> Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>			
LITE A COAL	ER NiCu-7	>300	>480	UTP A 80 M is suitable for repair and surfacing of nickel-copper alloys and of nickelcopper-clad steels.
UTP A 80 M	EN ISO 18274	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	Particularly suited for the following materials: 2.4360 NiCu30Fe, 2.4375 NiCu30Al.
	S Ni 4060	>30	>80	2.4300 NICU30FE, 2.43/3 NICU30AI.
	AWS 5.14	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	<u></u>
HTD 4 0 / 0 HH	ER NiCr-3	>380	>640	UTP A 068 HH is predominantly used for repair identical or similar high heat resistant Ni-base alloys, heat resistant
UTP A 068 HH	EN ISO 18274	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	austenites, and for joining heat resistant austenitic-ferritic materials.
	S Ni 6082	>35	>160	materials.
	AWS 5.14	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
	ER NiCrMo-3	>460	>740	UTP A 6222 Mo has a high nickel content and is suitable for
UTP A 6222 Mo	EN ISO 18274	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	repair high-strength and high-corrosion resistant nickel-base alloys.
	S Ni 6625	>30	>100	

## Cast Iron

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	EN ISO 1071	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP A 8051 Ti	S C NiFe-2	>300	>500	UTP A 8051 Ti is particularly suited for welding of ferritic and austenitic nodular cast iron as well as for joining it with
01PA 8051 11		Elongation A	Hardness HB	unalloyed and high-alloyed steels, copper and nickel alloys. Build-up layers on grey cast iron qualities are also possible.
		>25	approx. 200	build-up layers on grey cast from qualities are also possible.

## Copper alloys

Name	Classification	Mechanical properti	es of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	UTP A 34 N is applied in TIG repair and surfacing on
UTP A 34 N	ER CuMnNiAl	400	650	complex aluminium bronzes mainly on such materials with a
011 / 3411	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	high Mn content as well as on steel and cast steel by using a nodular iron rod.
	S Cu 6338	15	220	nodular nomioa.
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD 4 70	ER Cu	80	200	UTP A 38 is used for oxygen free copper types according to DIN 1787 OF-Cu, SE-Cu, SWCu, SF-Cu. The main applica-
UTP A 38	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	tions are in the electrical industry e.g. for conductor rails or other applications where high electricity is required.
	S Cu 1897 (CuAg1)	20	60	other applications where high electricity is required.
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP A 381	ER Cu	50	200	UTP A 381 is used for oxygen free copper types according to DIN 1787 OF-Cu, SE-Cu, SWCu, SF-Cu. The main
UIP A 361	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	applicational fields are in the apparatus- and pipeline repair.
	S Cu 1898 (CuSn1)	30	approx. 60	repuii.
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD A 707	ER CuNi	>200	>360	UTP A 387 is used for copper nickel alloys with up to 30 % nickel according to DIN 17664, such as CuNi20Fe (2.0878),
UTP A 387	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	CuNi30Fe (2.0882). Chemical industry, seawater desalination plants, ship building, offshore technique.
	S Cu 7158	>30	120	tion plants, stilp building, on shore technique.

# SURFACING SOLID WIRES FOR ANTI-WEAR AND ANTI-CORROSION

Product Name	Abrasion	Corrosion	Erosion	Cavitation	Heat	Impact	Metal to Earth	Metal to Metal
UTP A 34 N		•		•				•
UTP A 73 G 2	•		•		•	•		•
UTP A 73 G 3	•		•		•	•		•
UTP A 73 G 4	•		•		•	•		•
UTP A DUR 250								•
UTP A DUR 350						•		•
UTP A DUR 600	•		•			•	•	•
UTP A DUR 650	•		•		•	•	•	•



Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use	
	AWS A5.7	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	LITD A 74 N is condical for your six and surfacing an appeal	
UTP A 34 N	ER CuMnNiAl	400	650	UTP A 34 N is applied for repair and surfacing on complex aluminium bronzes mainly on such materials with a high Mn	
UIPA 34 N	EN ISO 24373	Elongation A	Hardness HB	content as well as on steel and cast steel by using a nodular	
	S Cu 6338	15	220	iron rod.	
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC		UTP A 73 G 2 is used for highly wear resistant buildups on	
UTP A 73 G 2	MSG 3-GZ-55-ST	55 - 58		machine parts and tools, subject to heavy abrasion and	
UIPA/3G2	EN 14700			compression combined with moderate impact at elevated	
	S Fe8			temperatures.	
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC		LITE A 77 G 7 is due to the excellent bot wear resistance and	
UTP A 73 G 3	MSG 3-GZ-45-T	approx. 45 - 50		UTP A 73 G 3 is, due to the excellent hot wear resistance and toughness, used for highly stressed hot working tools, which	
UIPA/3G3	EN 14700			are simultaneously subject to high mechanical, thermal and abrasive loads.	
	SZFe3			abrasive loads.	
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC		UTP A 73 G 4 is, due to its excellent hot wear resistance and	
UTP A 73 G 4	MSG 3-GZ-40-T	approx. 38 - 42		toughness, used for buildups on hot working tools and	
UIPA/3G4	EN 14700			structural parts subject to impact, compression and abrasion	
	SZFe3			at elevated temperatures.	
	DIN 8555	Hardness HB			
UTP A DUR 250	MSG 1-GZ-250	approx. 250		UTP A DUR 250 is used for MAG buildups on structural parts subject to rolling wear and where a good machinability is	
OTP A DOR 250	EN 14700			required.	
	SZ Fe 1				
	DIN 8555	Hardness HB		UTP A DUR 350 is suited for MAG buildups on structural parts	
UTP A DUR 350	MSG 2-GZ-400	approx. 450		subject to compression, impact and abrasion, such as	
OTP A DOR 350	EN 14700			caterpillar track components, machine and gear parts,	
	SZ Fe 2			stamps.	
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC			
UTP A DUR 600	MSG 6-GZ-60-S	54 - 60		UTP A DUR 600 is universally applicable for MAG buildups on	
OTP A DOR 600	EN 14700			structural parts subject to high impact and medium abrasion.	
	S Fe 8				
	DIN 8555	Hardness HRC			
UTP A DUR 650	MSG 3-GZ-60	55 - 60		UTP A DUR 650 is universally used for MAG buildups on	
OTP A DUK 050	EN 14700			structural parts subject to high impact and abrasion.	
	S Fe 8				

## FLUX CORED WIRES FOR REPAIR OF CRACKED MATERIAL

## Unalloyed and low alloy steels

Name	Classification	Mechanical properties of the weld metal		Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.36	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD AF 4F2	E71T1-M21A4-CS1-H8 E71T1-C1A2-CS1-H4	500	580	Rutile flux cored wire with fast freezing slag. Outstanding repair welding properties in all positions. Excellent
UTP AF 152	EN ISO 17632-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	mechanical properties and good slag detachability, low spatter losses, smooth, finely rippled seam surface, high
	T 46 4 P M 1 H10 T 42 2 P C 1 H5	26	180	x-ray security, notch-free weld toes.
	AWS A5.18	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
LITD AF 4EE	E70C-6MH4	460	560	UTP AF 155 is a high-efficiency flux cored wire with metal
UTP AF 155	EN ISO 17632-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	powder filling, for all position repair welding with mixed gas M21 acc. to EN ISO 14175.
	T 46 4 M M 1 H5	22	130	
	AWS A5.36	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP AF 160	E81T1-M21A8-Ni1-H4	530	570	Rutile flux cored wire with fast freezing slag for welding
UIPAF 160	EN ISO 17632-A	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	low-temperature steels. Outstanding welding properties in all positions.
	T 50 6 1Ni P M 1 H5	27	140	

#### **Stainless Steels**

Name	Classification	Mechanical propertion	es of the weld metal	Characteristics and field of use
	AWS A5.22	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP AF 68 LC	E 308 LT-0-1 E 308 LT-0-4	380	560	UTP AF 68 LC is a low carbon, CrNi flux-cored wire with rutile slag used for joint-welding of alloyed CrNi-steels and cast
OTP AF 60 LC	EN ISO 17633-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	steels.
	T 19 9 L RM3 T 19 9 L RC3	35	70	
	AWS A5.22	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>	
UTP AF 68 Mol C	E 316 LT0-1 E 316 LT0-4	400	560	UTP AF 68 MoLC is a low carbon, CrNi flux-cored wire with rutile slag for joining and surfacing of CrNisteels and cast
OTP AF 66 MOLC	EN ISO 17633-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	steel.
	T 19 12 3 L RM3 T 19 12 3 L RC3	35	55	
	ASME II C SFA 5.22	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	
UTP AF 68241C	E 309 LT 0-1 E 309 LT 0-4	400	550	UTP AF 6824 LC is a low-carbon flux-cored wire with rutile slag used for repair welding of alloyed CrNi steels among
01P AF 6024 LC	EN ISO 17633-A	Elongation A	Impact strength $K_V$	each other or with other unalloyed or low alloyed steels /
	T 23 12 L RM3 T 23 12 L RC3	35	60	cust steers.
	AWS A5.22	Yield strength R <sub>P0,2</sub>	Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$	The nickel-base-flux-cored wire (NiCrMo) UTP AF 6222 Mo
LITE AF (OOO M. DW)	ENiCrMo3 T1-4	490	750	PW is suitable for repair and surfacing on nickel-base
UTP AF 6222 MoPW	EN ISO 17633-A	Elongation A	Impact strength K <sub>V</sub>	materials of the same nature and on C- and CrNi-steels as well as for cladding on C-steels, furthermore in high
	T Ni 6625 PM 2	30	70	temperature applications.

# GAS SHIELDED CORED WIRES FOR REPAIR, ANTI-WEAR AND ANTI-CORROSION

Product Name	Low stress abrasion	High stress abrasion	Erosion	Impact	Corrosion	Cavitation	Heat	Metal to metal wear
SK AP-G				•	•			•
SK 250-G				•				
SK 350-G				•				
SK 600-G	•			•				•
SK 650-G	•			•				•
SK A45-G		•						•
SK ABRA-MAX O/G		•	•					•
SK D8-G								•
SK D12-G								•
SK D20-G	•							•
SK D35-G					•	•	•	•
SK D250-G				•				•
SK STELKAY 6-G					•	•	•	•
SK STELKAY 21-G				•	•	•	•	•
SK STELKAY 25-G				•	•	•	•	•
SK 900 Ni-G		•			•		•	
SK FNM-G				•	•			
SK 356-G	•				•			•
SK 741-G					•			•
SK ANTINIT DUR 500					•	•	•	•



## Manganese steels

Name	Classification	Hard	ness	Con	posit	ion (	all we	ld me	etal) <sup>9</sup>	%					Characteristics and field of use
CV + D C	DIN 8555 MF-7-GF-200 KP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Austenitic alloy with Chromium designed for
SK AP-G	ISO 14700 T Fe9	185		0.9	14.5	0.3	12		0.5						rebuilding 14 % Manganese steel parts where parent metal matching colour is a must.

## Low alloy steels

Name	Classification	Hard	Iness	Com	posi	tion (	all we	ld m	etal) (	%						Characteristics and field of use
C1/ OF 0 C	DIN 8555 MF 1-GF-225-GP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Metal-cored wire designed for building-up by
SK 250-G	ISO 14700 TZ Fe1	225		0.09	1.2	0.5	0.4								Bal.	welding in horizontal and vertical-up positions under gas shielding.
SK 350-G	DIN 8555 MF 1-GF-350-GP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Rebuilding and hardfacing alloy for carbon
3K 350-G	ISO 14700 T Z Fe1	330		0.35	1.5	0.4	1.4								Bal.	steel parts.
	DIN 8555 MF 6-GF-60-GP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Martensitic steel alloy designed for welding in horizontal and vertical-up positions under gas
SK 600-G	ISO 14700 T Fe8		59	0.52	1.5	1.2	5.9		0.8		0.05				Bal.	shielding. Its resistance to friction and low stress abrasive wear with moderate impact is excellent.
	DIN 8555 MF 3-GF-60-GT	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Martensitic steel alloy designed for welding in horizontal and vertical-up positions under gas
SK 650-G	ISO 14700 T Fe8		58	0.45	0.9	0.6	5.5		1.4			1.6	0.5		Bal.	shielding. Its resistance to friction and medium stress abrasive wear with moderate impact is excellent.

## High alloyed steels

Name	Classification	Hard	iness	Con	nposi <sup>,</sup>	tion (	all we	eld mo	etal) (	%						Characteristics and field of use
	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-65-GT	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Chromium-Niobium-Molybdenum alloy with addition of Tungsten and Vanadium designed
SK A45-G	ISO 14700 T Fe16		63	5.3	0.1	0.7	21		6.3	6		1.8	0.75		Bal.	to resist high stress grinding abrasion with low impact and solid erosion at service temperatures up to 650 °C.
	DIN 8555	НВ	HRC		Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Special hardfacing cored wire designed to
SK ABRA- MAX O/G	MF 6-GF-70-GT				C +C	Cr + M	0+1	1p + A	V + V	+ B (B	al Fe	)				give an extreme resistance against high stress grinding abrasion and erosion without
	ISO 14700		69 -70													impact.

### **Tool steels**

Name	Classification	Hard	iness	Com	posit	tion (	all we	eld mo	etal) <sup>(</sup>	%						Characteristics and field of use
SK D8-G	DIN 8555 MF 3-GF-40-T	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Special alloy designed for the repair and the
2K D0-G	ISO 14700 T Z Fe3		38	0.1	1.1	0.4	2.4					3.8	0.6		Bal.	hard surfacing of tools working at low and high temperatures.
SK D12-G	DIN 8555 MF 3-GF-55-T	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Metal cored wire designed for hardsurfacing
3K D12-G	EN ISO 14700 T Z Fe3		55	0.35	1.2	0.3	7.5		1.7		0.3				Bal.	of tool steel parts.
SK D20-G	DIN 8555 MF 4-GF-60-S	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Special alloy designed to deposit a molybdenum-alloyed high-speed steel. To
3K D20-G	EN ISO 14700 T Z Fe8		60	1.2	0.4	0.4	4.5		8			1.8	1.7		Bal.	avoid cracking. a minimum interpass temperature of 300 °C should be applied.
	DIN 8555 MF 6-GF-50-CT	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Со	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Special Iron-Chromium-Cobalt-Molybdenum alloy designed to resist metal-to-metal wear.
SK D35-G	EN ISO 14700 T Z Fe3		50	0.16	0.1	0.7	13		2.4	14					Bal.	fatigue. oxidation. cavitation and corrosion at high temperature. The typical hardness can be achieved in the first layer.
SK D250-G	DIN 8555 MF 1-GF-350	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Special alloy suitable for repair of tool steel parts working at high temperatures. The
3K D250-G	EN ISO 14700	330		0.09	0.8	0.3	2.9	2.4							Bal.	deposit is particularly resistant against cracks propagation.

### Cobalt steels

Name	Classification	Hardı	ness	Com	posit	ion (	all we	ld m	etal) '	%						Characteristics and field of use
SK STELKAY	DIN 8555 MF 20-GF-40-CTZ ASME IIC SFA 5.21	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Со	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Cobalt base alloy providing excellent resistance to metal-to-metal wear.
6-G	ERC CoCr-A ISO 14700 T Co2		40	0.95	0.8	1.4	30	Bal.				4.2			3	oxidation. thermal cycling and impact in corrosive environments at high temperature.
CI/ CTEL I/ AV	DIN 8555 MF 20-GF-300-CTZ	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Со	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Cobalt base alloy providing excellent
SK STELKAY 21-G	ASME IIC SFA 5.21 ERC CoCr-E ISO 14700 T Co1		32	0.27	1	1.2	28	2.4	5	Bal.					3.5	resistance to metal-to-metal wear. thermal shocks. oxidation in corrosive environments at high temperature.
SK STELKAY	DIN 8555 MF 20-GF-200-STZ	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Со	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Cobalt base alloy providing excellent resistance to metal-to-metal wear, thermal
25-G	ISO 14700 T Co1	195		0.01	0.8	0.4	20.2	10	Bal.			13			3.5	shocks. oxidation in corrosive environments at high temperature.

## Nickel alloys

Name	Classification	Hardn	ess	Com	posit	tion (	all we	eld me	etal) (	%						Characteristics and field of use
SK 900 Ni-G	DIN 8555 MF 22-GF-45-G	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Hardfacing cored wire containing about 45 % Tungsten carbide particles incorporated
3K 900 NI-G	ISO 14700 T Ni20		46	1.7	0.1	0.1		Bal.				41.5		0.8	1.1	in a NiB matrix.
CIV FNIM C	DIN 8555	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	FeNi alloy with 12 % Manganese designed for joining and surfacing of cast iron pieces.
SK FNM-G	MSG23-GF-200 ISO 14700	145		0.2	12	0.4		Bal.							48	Can also be used for dissimilar welding between cast iron and steel.

## **Stainless Steel**

Name	Classification	Hardı	ness	Com	posi	tion (	all we	eld mo	etal) <sup>(</sup>	%						Characteristics and field of use
	DIN 8555 MF 4-GF-50-ST	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Special iron base alloy designed to rebuild
SK 356-G	ISO 14700 T Fe8		47	0.7	1.2	0.9	12	0.7	3.8			0.9	2		Bal.	parts in the rubber industry.
	DIN 8555 MF 5-GF-40-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel containing 13 % Chromium. 5 % Nickel and 1
SK 741-G	ISO 14700 T Fe7		41	0.06	0.5	0.6	13	5.5	0.8						Bal.	% Molybdenum designed to resist metal-to- metal wear, corrosion and thermal fatigue fire cracking.
	DIN 8555	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	For Hardfacing of or austenitic steels exposed to general corrosion. frictional wear. cavitation, or to high surface pressure. For
SK ANTINIT DUR 500	MF 9-GF-45-CT ISO 14700 T Fe10		43	0.07	4.3	4.5	17.5	8	5.4	1						use at temperatures up to 550 °C. Offers additionally enhanced resistance to pitting and intergranular corrosion. Preheating to 450 - 500 °C.

# OPEN ARC CORED WIRES FOR REPAIR, ANTI-WEAR AND ANTI-CORROSION

Product Name	Low stress abrasion	High stress abrasion	Erosion	Impact	Corrosion	Cavitation	Heat	Metal to metal wear
SK 218-O				•				
SK 624-O		•		•				
SK AP-O				•	•			
SK 258-O	•			•				
SK 258 TIC-O		•		•				
SK 400-O				•				•
SK 162-O		•	•					
SK 255-O		•	•					
SK 256-O		•	•					
SK 866-O		•	•					
SK 867-O		•	•					
SK 900-0		•	•					
SK A43-O		•	•					
SK A45-O		•	•					
SK 370-O					•		•	•
SK 402-O			•		•			•
SK 714 N-O					•			•



## Manganese steels

Name	Classification	Hardn	ess	Con	nposit	ion (	all we	ld m	etal) <sup>(</sup>	%						Characteristics and field of use
	DIN 8555 MF 7-GF-200-KP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Self shielded flux cored wire depositing an
SK 218-O	ASME IIC SFA 5.21 ERC FeMn-G EN 14700 T Z Fe9	200		0.9	14	0.5	3.5	0.4							Bal.	austenitic alloy designed for rebuilding of 14 % Manganese steel parts.
	DIN 8555 MF 7-GF-250-GKP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	High Manganese-Chromium alloy enriched with Niobium. designed to resist abrasion
SK 624-O	EN 14700 T Fe9	240		1	17.2	0.3	8.2			2.5	0.12				Bal.	and solid erosion wear combined with heavy impact. High Managnese alloy resulting in a workhardnable deposit.
	DIN 8555 MF 7-GF-200-KP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Multi-purpose cored wire. mainly used for rebuilding and joining of Carbon and 14 %
SK AP-O	ASME IIC SFA 5.21 FeMn-Cr EN 14700 T Z Fe9	205		0.37	16	0.3	12.8								Bal.	Manganese steels. Can also be used as buffer layer prior to hard overlay. Work-hard-enable alloy.



## Low alloy steels

Name	Classification	Hardne	ess	Coi	mpo	sitio	n (all	wel	d me	etal)	%					Characteristics and field of use
SK 258-O	DIN 8555 MF 6-GF-55-GT	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Martensitic alloy designed to give an outstanding resistance to low stress abrasion with heavy impact
3K 230-0	EN 14700 T Fe8		55	0.47	1.5	0.8	5.7		1.4			1.5			Bal.	and high compressive stresses. The deposit is heat treatable and forgeable.
SK 258	DIN 8555 MF 6-GF-60-GP	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Martensitic Chromium-Titanium alloy designed to resist high stress abrasion with heavy impact. Deposits
TIC-O	EN 14700 T Z Fe8		58	1.8	0.9	0.2	6.1		1.4		5.5				Bal.	usually do not show stress relief cracks.
SK 400-O	DIN 8555 MF 1-GF-40-P	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Open-arc wire designed for rebuilding and hardfacing of Carbon steel parts subjected to adhesive wear with
3K 400-O	EN 14700 T Z Fe1		40	0.13	0.7	0.6	2.4								Bal.	impacts.

### High alloyed steels

Name	Classification	Hardr	ness	Cor	nposi	tion (	all we	eld m	etal)	%						Characteristics and field of use
SK 162-O	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-65-G EN 14700	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	High Chromium alloy designed to resist high stress grinding abrasion with low impact. The
	T Fe15		63	5.4	0.2	1.3	27								Bal.	deposit will show readily stress relief cracks.
	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-60-G ASME IIC SFA	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Open-arc metal cored wire designed to
SK 255-O	5.21 FeCr-A9 EN 14700 T Z Fe14		60	5	0.6	1	27							0.5	Bal.	deposit a metal resistant to high stress grinding abrasion with low impact. The deposits will readily show stress relief cracks.
SK 256-O	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-65-G	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	High Chromium carbide alloy designed to resist high stress grinding abrasion with low
	EN 14700 T Fe16		63	5.5	1.1	1.2	25.7								Bal.	impact. The deposits will readily show stress relief cracks.
SK 866-O	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-60-G	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy designed to resist high stress grinding abrasion with low impact. The deposits will
5K 555 5	EN 14700 T Z Fe15		60	4.5	0.7	0.8	27							0.5	Bal.	readily show stress relief cracks.
SK 867-O	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-60-G	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy designed to resist high stress grinding abrasion with low impact. The deposits will
	EN 14700 T Fe16		60	4.5	0.7	0.8	27							0.5	Bal.	readily show stress relief cracks.
SK 900-O	DIN 8555 MF 21-GF-65-G	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Cored wire containing about 60 % Tungsten carbide particles. The composition and particle size have been optimized to provide
3K 900-O	EN 14700 T Fe20		63	2.9	0.4	0.4	5.8					42			Bal.	the best combination of toughness and wear resistance.
SK A43-O	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-65-G	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	CrNb alloy designed to resist high stress grinding abrasion at service temperature not
UKA-5 0	EN 14700 T Z Fe15		64	5.6	0.2	1.3	20.2			6.7					Bal.	exceeding 450 °C. The deposit will readily show stress relief cracks.
SK 445-0	DIN 8555 MF 10-GF-65-GT	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Chromium-Niobium-Molybdenum alloy with addition of Tungsten and Vanadium designed to resist high stress grinding
SK A45-O	EN 14700 T Z Fe16		63	5.3	0.2	0.7	27.2		6.3	6.1		1.9	1		Bal.	abrasion with low impact and solid erosion at service temperatures up to 650 °C.

#### **Stainless Steel**

Name	Classification	Hardn	Com	posit	ion (	all we	ld m	etal) (	%	Characteristics and field of use						
SK 370-O	DIN 8555 MF 5-GF-400-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	<b>V</b>	В	Fe	Self shielded cored wire depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel designed to resist
	EN 14700 T Fe7		42	0.03	0.5	0.6	15.5	5.2	0.5						Bal.	metal-to-metal wear. corrosion and thermal fatigue fire cracking.
	DIN 8555 MF	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Austenitic alloy type 18Cr8Ni7Mn recom-
SK 402-O	8-GF-150/400- KPZ EN 14700 T Z Fe10	160		0.09	6	0.9	18	7.8							Bal.	mended for build up and buffer layer prior to hardfacing. It can also be used for joining of dissimilar metals.
SK 714 N-O	DIN 8555 MF 5-GF-45	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ν	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel with addition of nitrogen designed to resist
	EN 14700 T Fe7		44	0.03	1	0.6	13	4.2	0.5		0.1				Bal.	metal-to-metal wear. corrosion and thermal fatigue.

## SUBMERGED ARC CORED WIRES FOR ANTI-WEAR AND ANTI-CORROSION

Construction and low alloyed steel

Name	Classification	Hardne	ess	Com	posit	tion (	all we	ld me	etal) <sup>(</sup>	%	Characteristics and field of use					
SK BU-S	DIN 8555 UP 1-GF-300-P	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	<b>V</b>	В	Fe	Rebuilding alloy for Carbon steel parts.
	ISO 14700 T Fe6	275		0.12	1.2	0.6	0.7		0.4						Bal.	Rebuilding alloy for Carbon steel parts.
SK	DIN 8555 UP 1-GF-250	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	V	В	Fe	Rebuilding alloy (1% Cr. 0.5% Mo) for not or
CrMo15-SA	ISO 14700 T Fe1	230		0.03	0.8	0.6	1.15		0.5						Bal.	slightly alloyed steels.

#### Rostfreie Stähle

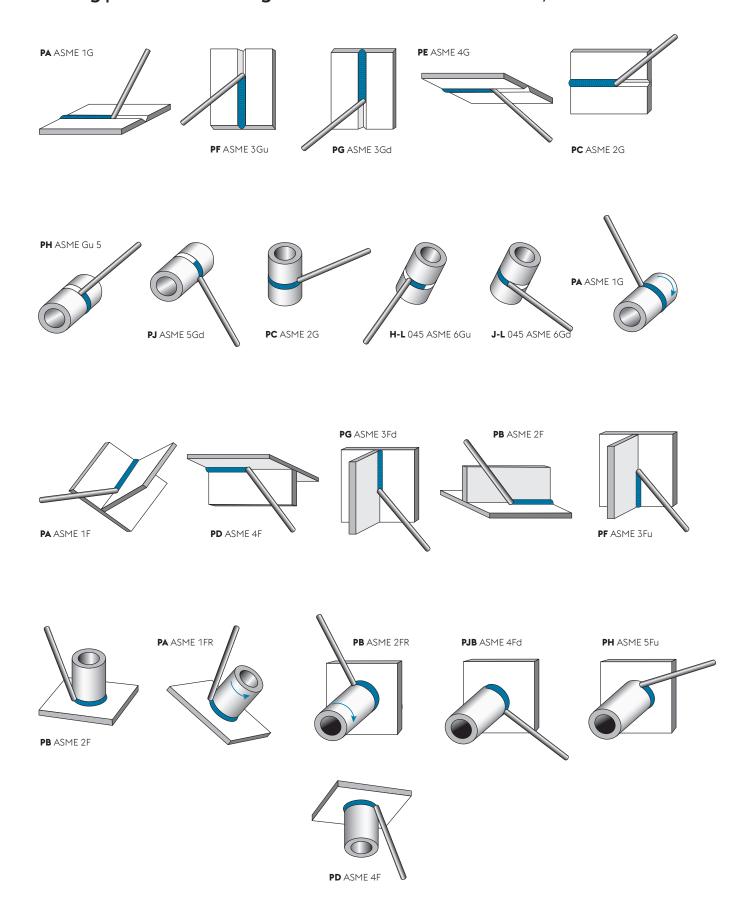
Name	Classification	Hard	Hardness		posi	tion (	all we	ld m	etal) '	%						Characteristics and field of use	
SK 385-SA	DIN 8555 UP 6-GF-55-CG	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Martensitic alloy giving a very good resistance to metal-to-metal wear, corrosion	
	ISO 14700 T Fe8		54	0.3	1.3	0.4	16		0.5						Bal.	1.1	
SK 410	DIN 8555 UP 5-GF-40-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel containing 13% Chromium. 5% Nickel and 1% Molybdenum designed to resist	
NiMo-SA	ISO 14700 T Fe7		39	0.04	1	0.3	12	5	0.9						Bal.		
SK 415-SA	DIN 8555 UP 5-GF-45-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel designed to resist metal-to-metal wear.	
510 TIO 570	ISO 14700 T Fe7		42	0.8	0.9	0.4	13.5	2.1	1.1	0.2			0.3		Bal.		
SK 420-SA	DIN 8555 UP 6-GF-55-C ISO 14700	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy depositing a martensitic steel containing 13% Chromium giving a good	
			53	0.27	1.4	0.4	13.5								Bal.		
SK	DIN 8555 UP 5-GF-200-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic steel containing 17% Chromium giving a good resistance to	
430C-SA	ISO 14700	175		0.04	0.9	0.5	19.5								Bal.	resistance to metal-to-metal wear and corrosion.  Alloy depositing a ferritic steel containing 17% Chromium giving a good resistance corrosion and also used as a buffer layer Surfacing of CC Rollers.	
SK 430	DIN 8555 UP 5-GF-300-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	В	Fe	Flux cored wire for submerged arc welding specially designed to deposit an alloy of the	
NiMo-SA	ISO 14700 T Fe7	220		0.05	0.9	0.7	17	5.6	1.3						Bal.	40 5 15 4 4 5 15 11 65 11 6	
SK 461C-SA	DIN 8555 UP 6-GF-50-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	Со	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel designed to resist metal-to-metal wear.	
3K 40 IC-SA	ISO 14700 T Fe8		54	0.26	0.9	0.5	12.2	0.4	1.4			0.9	1	1.8	Bal.		
SK	DIN 8555 UP 5-GF-45-C	НВ	HRC	С	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Мо	Nb	Ti	W	٧	N	Fe	Alloy depositing a ferritic-martensitic steel with addition of Nitrogen designed to	
742N-SK	ISO 14700 T Fe7		44	0.05	1.2	0.4	13.5	3.3	1.3	0.1				0.1	Bal.	enhance the resistance to thermal fatigue and intergranular corrosion by reducing the formation of carbides at grain boundaries.	

#### Hardness conversion table

R <sub>m</sub>	н٧	НВ	HRC	R <sub>m</sub>	HV	НВ	HRC	R <sub>m</sub>	HV	НВ	HRC	R <sub>m</sub>	HV	НВ	HRC	R <sub>m</sub>	HV	НВ	HRC	R <sub>m</sub>	HV	НВ	HRC
200	63	60	_	545	170	162	_	890	278	264		510	160	152	_	860	268	255	25	1230	382	363	39
210	65	62	_	550	172	163	_	900	280	266	27	520	163	155	_	865	270	257		1240	385	366	
220	69	66	_	560	175	166	-	910	283	269		530	165	157	-	870	272	258	26	1250	388	369	
225	70	67	-	570	178	169	-	915	285	271		540	168	160	-	880	275	261		1255	390	371	
230	72	68	-	575	180	171	-	920	287	273	28	1260	392	372	40	1620	497		49	1980	596		55
240	75	71	-	580	181	172	-	930	290	276		1270	394	374		1630	500			1990	599		
250	79	75	-	590	184	175	-	940	293	278	29	1280	397	377		1640	503			1995	600		
255	80	76	-	595	185	176	-	950	295	280		1290	400	380		1650	506			2000	602		
260	82	78	-	600	187	178	-	960	299	284		1300	403	383	41	1660	509			2010	605		
270	85	81	-	610	190	181	-	965	300	285		1310	407	387		1665	510			2020	607		
280	88	84	-	620	193	184	-	970	302	287	30	1320	410	390		1670	511			2030	610		
285	90	86	-	625	195	185	-	980	305	290		1330	413	393	42	1680	514		50	2040	613		
290	91	87	-	630	197	187	-	990	308	293		1340	417	396		1690	517			2050	615		56
300	94	89	-	640	200	190	-	995	310	295	31	1350	420	399		1700	520			2060	618		
305	95	90	-	650	203	193	-	1000	311	296		1360	423	402	43	1710	522			2070	620		
310	97	92	-	660	205	195	-	1010	314	299		1370	426	405		1720	525			2080	623		
320	100	95	-	670	208	198	-	1020	317	301	32	1380	430	409		1730	527		51	2090	626		
330	103	98	-	675	210	199	-	1030	320	304		1390	431	410		1740	530			2100	629		
335	105	100	-	680	212	201	-	1040	323	307		1400	434	413	44	1750	533			2105	630		
340	107	102	-	690	215	204	-	1050	327	311	33	1410	437	415		1760	536			2110	631		
350	110	105	-	700	219	208	-	1060	330	314		1420	440	418		1770	539			2120	634		
360	113	107	-	705	220	209	-	1070	333	316		1430	443	421	45	1775	540			2130	636		
370	115	109	-	710	222	211	-	1080	336	319	34	1440	446	424		1780	541			2140	639		57
380	119	113	-	720	225	214	-	1090	339	322		1450	449	427		1790	544		52	2145	640		
385	120	114	-	730	228	216	-	1095	340	323		1455	450	428		1800	547			2150	641		
390	122	116	-	740	230	219	-	1100	342	325		1460	452	429		1810	550			2160	644		
400	125	119	-	750	233	221	-	1110	345	328	35	1470	455	432		1820	553			2170	647		
410	128	122	-	755	235	223	-	1120	349	332		1480	458	435	46	1830	556			2180	650		
415	130	124	-	760	237	225	-	1125	350	333		1485	460	437		1840	559			2190	653		
420	132	125	-	770	240	228	-	1130	352	334		1490	461	438		1845	560		53	2200	655		58
430	135	128	-	780	243	231	21	1140	355	337	36	1500	464	441		1850	561				675		59
440	138	131	-	785	245	233		1150	358	340		1510	467	444		1860	564				698		60
450	140	133	-	790	247	235	0.0	1155	360	342		1520	470	447	47	1870	567				720		61
460	143	136	_	800	250	238	22	1160	361	343	77	1530	473	449	47	1880	570				745		62
465	145	138	-	810	253	240	0.7	1170		346	37	1540	476	452		1890	572				773		63
470	147	140	-	820	255	242	23	1180	367	349		1550	479	455		1900	575		Г.4		800		64
480	150	143	-	830	258	245	0.4	1190	370	352	7.0	1555	480	456		1910	578		54		829		65
490	153	145	-	835	260	247	24	1200	373	354	38	1560	481		4.0	1920	580				864		66
495	155	147	_	840	262	249		1210	376	357		1570	484		48	1930	583				900		67
500	157	149	-	850	265	252		1220	380	361		1580	486			1940	586				940		68
												1590	489			1950	589						
												1595	490			1955	590						
R <sub>m</sub>			rength			НВ		Brinell ha				1600	491			1960	591						
HV	= VIC	kers h	ardnes	55		HR	C = k	Rockwell	naran	ess		1610	494			1970	594						

Caution: Because of their approximate nature, conversion tables must be regarded as only an estimate of comparative values. It is recommended that hardness conversions be applied primarily to values such as specification limits, which are established by agreement or mandate, and that the conversion of test data be avoided whenever possible.

## Welding positions according to EN ISO 6947 und ASME code, section IX



## JOIN! voestalpine Böhler Welding

With over 100 years of experience, voestalpine Böhler Welding is the global top address for the daily challenges in the areas of joint welding, repair, hardfacing and cladding as well as brazing. Customer proximity is guaranteed by more than 43 subsidiaries in 25 countries, with the support of 2,300 employees, and through more than 2,000 distribution partners worldwide. With individual consultation by our application technicians and welding engineers, we make sure that our customers master the most demanding welding challenges. voestalpine Böhler Welding offers three specialized and dedicated brands to cater our customers' and partners' requirements.



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**Tailor-Made Protectivity™** – UTP Maintenance ensures an optimum combination of protection and productivity with innovative and tailor-made solutions. Everything revolves around the customer and their individual requirements. That is expressed in the central performance promise: Tailor-Made Protectivity™.



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